

St. Joseph's In The Park



Policy Title
Risk Assessment

Owner
Head

Date
Autumn 2020

Approved By Governors

Date for review
Autumn 2022
(Health and Safety Committee)

This policy is for whole school including EYFS.

This policy is systematic with a view to promoting the welfare of pupils, staff and visitors of St Joseph's In The Park School, including EYFS.

What is a Risk Assessment?

A risk assessment is nothing more than a careful examination of what, in your work, could cause harm to people and the environment, so that you can weigh up whether you have taken enough precautions or should do more to prevent harm.

A risk assessment is an important step in protecting staff, pupils, visitors, contractors, the environment and the school as a whole.

It helps staff focus on the risks within their department and activities that they undertake. In many instances, straightforward measures can readily control risks; for example ensuring staff have sufficient information when they are offsite, operating machinery or using chemicals, spillages are cleaned up promptly so people do not slip, or good housekeeping is maintained to ensure people do not trip.

An electronic version can be found on the Common area.

When should a risk assessment be completed?

The Management of Health & Safety at Work Regulations 1999 requires an assessment to be made of the risks arising out of the activities that the school undertakes.

Who is responsible for drawing up and checking risk assessments? There is a requirement for all departments, sports and activities to explain to staff how health and safety is managed for their department, sport or activity. All staff have a responsibility for ensuring risks assessments are completed for their area of work, and the Head should check and monitor assessments.

This may be by one assessment, by a number of assessments linked together or by individual assessments for different tasks/activities, offsite visits, experiments, machinery or process within the department. Overview Assessments, Examples and Whole School Assessments can be found on the staff common area.

Storing Assessments

Once the completed assessments have been shared with appropriate staff and pupils they need to be given to the Head.

Sharing of assessments and best practice will ensure that the assessments are improved and that staff have good, reliable information.

Definitions

A **hazard** is anything that may cause harm, such as chemicals, electricity, working from ladders, open drawer etc.

The **risk** is the chance, high or low, that somebody could be harmed by these and other hazards, together with an indication of how serious the harm could be.

How to carry out a risk assessment

Step 1 – What are the hazards?

Consider how someone may be harmed, this will help to identify the hazards, disregard the inconsequential or trivial.

- Walk around your classroom, office; think through your task or activity; ask the staff doing the task, consider the location, duration, purpose of your visit, is there long term health hazards associated with the task?
- Consult the manufacturer's instructions, safety data sheets, trade associations, associated websites etc.?

Step 2 – Who may be harmed and how?

Consider each hazard and who may be harmed and how they may be harmed.

- Who may be? Pupils, teaching, office, cleaning, maintenance, and/or security staff, visitors etc. Identify groups, which are more vulnerable such as young persons, the disabled, lone working staff, contractors, members of the public, etc.
- How? May be from tripping on a bag left on the floor, accessing a box from a high shelf, putting up displays from a step ladder, sports activity, noise, machinery, offsite trip etc.

Step 3 – What are you already doing?

Having spotted the hazards consider what is already in place to control them. Compare your list to good practice, is there more that could be done?

When controlling risks, apply the following principles, if possible in the following order:-

1. Can I remove the hazard altogether?
2. If not, how can I control the risks so that harm is unlikely?
3. Try a less risky option (e.g. switch to using a less hazardous chemical)
4. Prevent access to the hazard (e.g. by guarding)
5. Organise work to reduce exposure to the hazard (e.g. put barriers between pupils/staff and the works)
6. Issue personal protective equipment (e.g. clothing, footwear, goggles, etc.)
7. And provide welfare facilities (e.g. first aid, removal of contamination).

Within this step there is a heading of “**What further action is needed?**” Have the risks been reduced as far as possible or is there a need for more?

For instance:-

- You may consider that staff require refresher training on the machinery/task/activity.
- You may feel that before the trip goes ahead the ratio of staff to pupils should be increased. Without the increase in staff you could not go ahead with the trip.
- There may have been a change of legislation or best practice and therefore new equipment or additional equipment is required.

Step 4 – How will you put the assessment into action?

The completed risk assessment must be shared with the appropriate staff and where necessary pupils. You may have outstanding issues. If so prioritise; say what needs to be done, by when and by whom. Remember the assessment demonstrates how the event, task, activity etc. is to be managed. For example staff to carry out inspection before use of the minibus. Also information should be provided to staff and pupils via a briefing.

Step 5 – Monitor and Review

Monitor - There are a number of occasions, such as offsite activities, an event, a project etc. where it is recommended that a “feedback” should be carried out. Once the feedback has occurred, this information should be given to the Head and further comments/action points should be recorded for when the situation is carried out again. This will assist staff to improve the situation in the future.

Review - Few activities, classrooms etc. stay the same. Sooner or later a piece of new equipment, substance, procedure etc. is brought in; this can lead to new hazards and therefore the assessment will need to be reviewed. Should no changes occur that you are aware of there will still be a need to review the assessment and it is suggested that the assessment be reviewed on a two yearly basis.

Signature and Sharing with Staff

The person who has completed the risk assessment should enter their name. Once the content is agreed with the Head it should be filed in the Risk Assessment folder which is kept in the school office.

This policy will be reviewed every two years.